

Climate Change Impact on Marine Resources and Business Impact ~Alaska Pollock (Bering Sea) and Anchovy (Peru Coast)~

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As part of our TCFD scenario analysis, we focused on the following two fish species to estimate changes in marine resources and financial impact:

- ① Alaska Pollock in the Bering Sea - the largest volume of wild fish procurement for our group**
- ② Anchovy off the coast of Peru - primarily used as raw material for aquaculture feed**

The tools and conditions used for future resource volume prediction data are as follows:

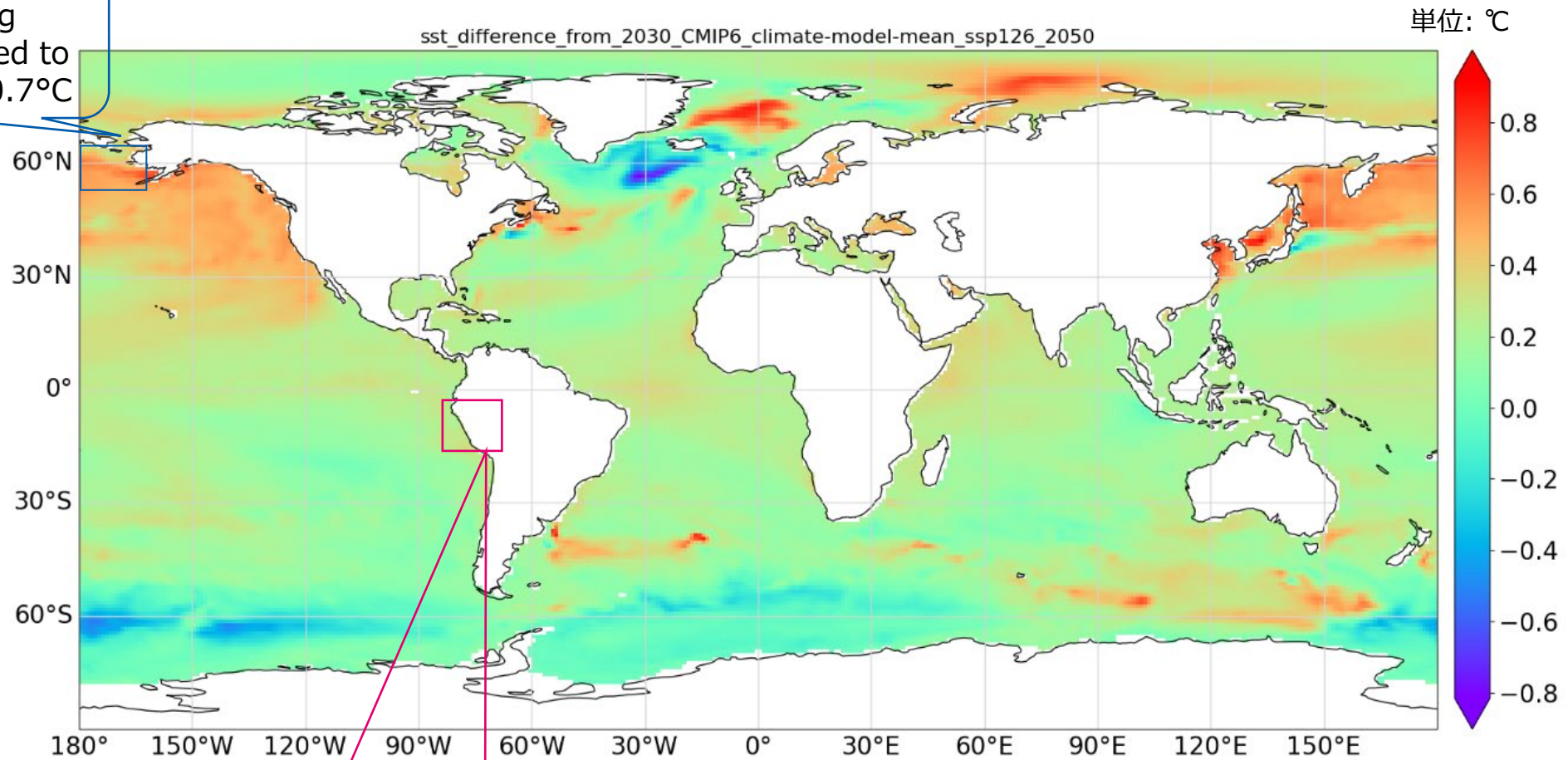
- **Climate Scenarios:** RCP8.5 (4°C scenario), RCP2.6 (below 2°C scenario)
- **Domain:** Global
- **Spatial Resolution:** 1 degree in both north-south and east-west directions (approximately 100km)
- **Data Used:** ISIMIP (*1)
- **Analysis Years:** 2030, 2050
- **Global Climate Models:** GFDL-ESM2M, IPSL-CM5A-LR (2 models)
- **Fisheries Model:** BOATS (*2)
- **Resource volumes** were predicted by dividing adult fish into three categories based on total length: ① 30cm or less, ② 30cm to 90cm, ③ 90cm or more, with total weight per unit area (unit: gC/m²). Values were determined visually from color gradations on respective maps.
- **Cooperation:** Weathernews Inc.

*1: ISIMIP (Inter-Sectoral Impact Model Intercomparison Project) - An international project investigating climate change impacts across various sectors including agriculture, fisheries, biodiversity, and water cycles

*2: BOATS - A fish distribution model that analyzes and evaluates total catch and resource volume per unit area according to the three body length categories mentioned above

1.-1) Sea Surface Temperature Changes in 2050 Compared to 2030 Below 2°C Scenario

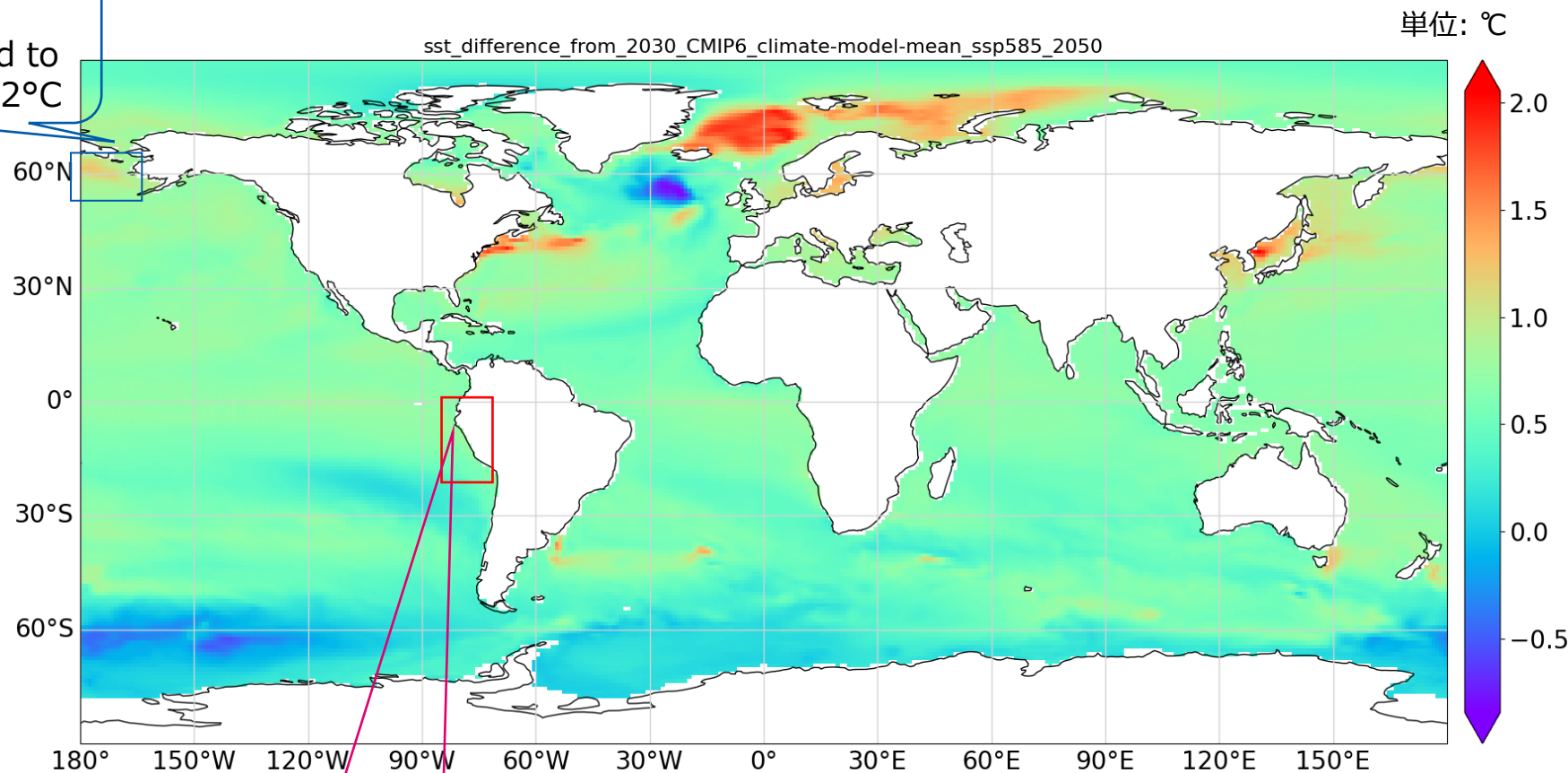
Bering Sea Alaska
Pollock Fishing
Grounds: Analyzed to
increase by 0.5-0.7°C



Peru Coast Anchovy Fishing
Grounds: Analyzed to increase
by 0.2-0.4°C

1.-2) Sea Surface Temperature Changes in 2050 Compared to 2030 4°C Scenario

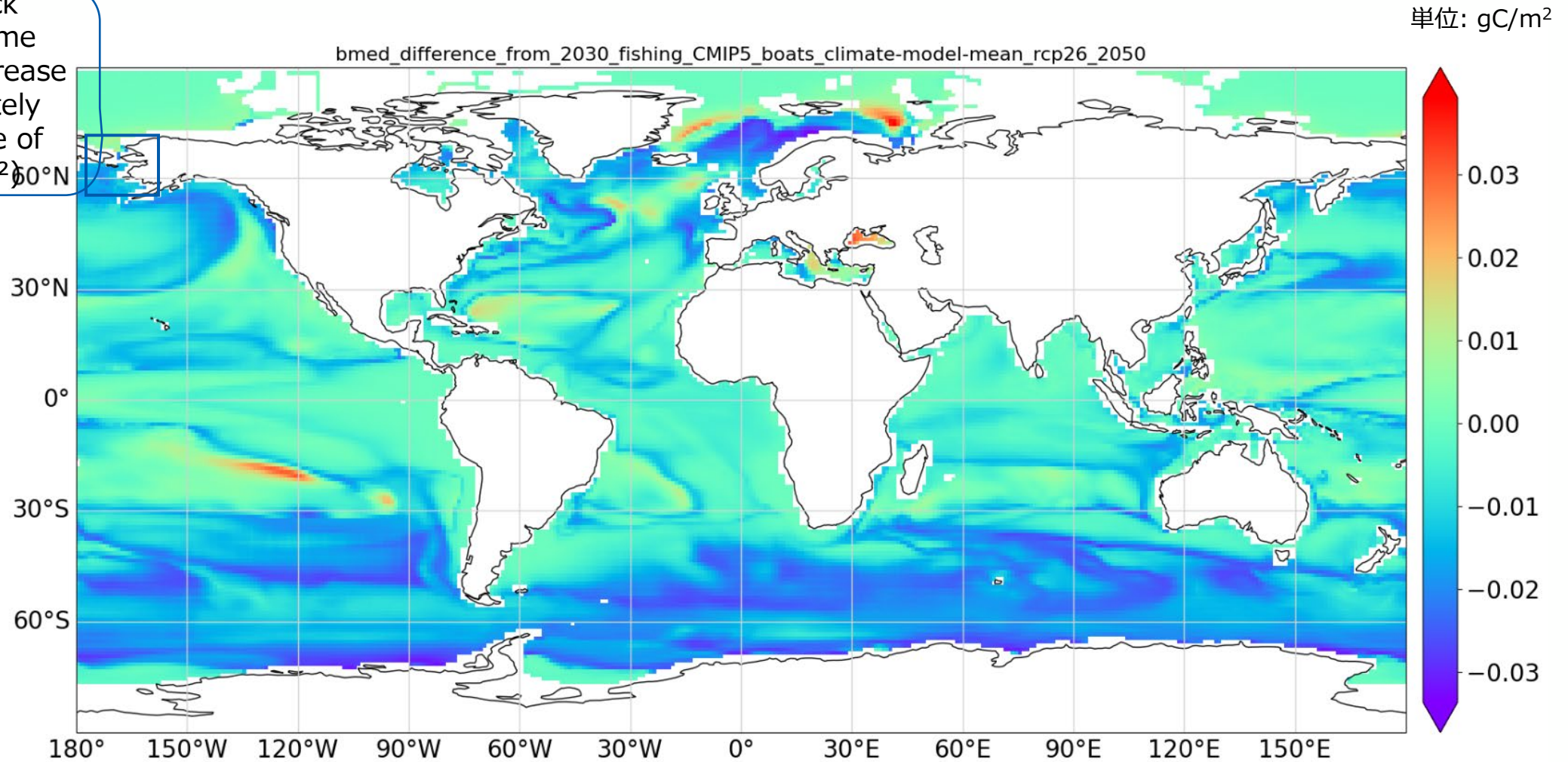
Bering Sea Alaska
Pollock Fishing
Grounds: Analyzed to
increase by 0.8-1.2°C



Peru Coast Anchovy
Fishing Grounds:
Analyzed to increase
by 0.6-1.0°C

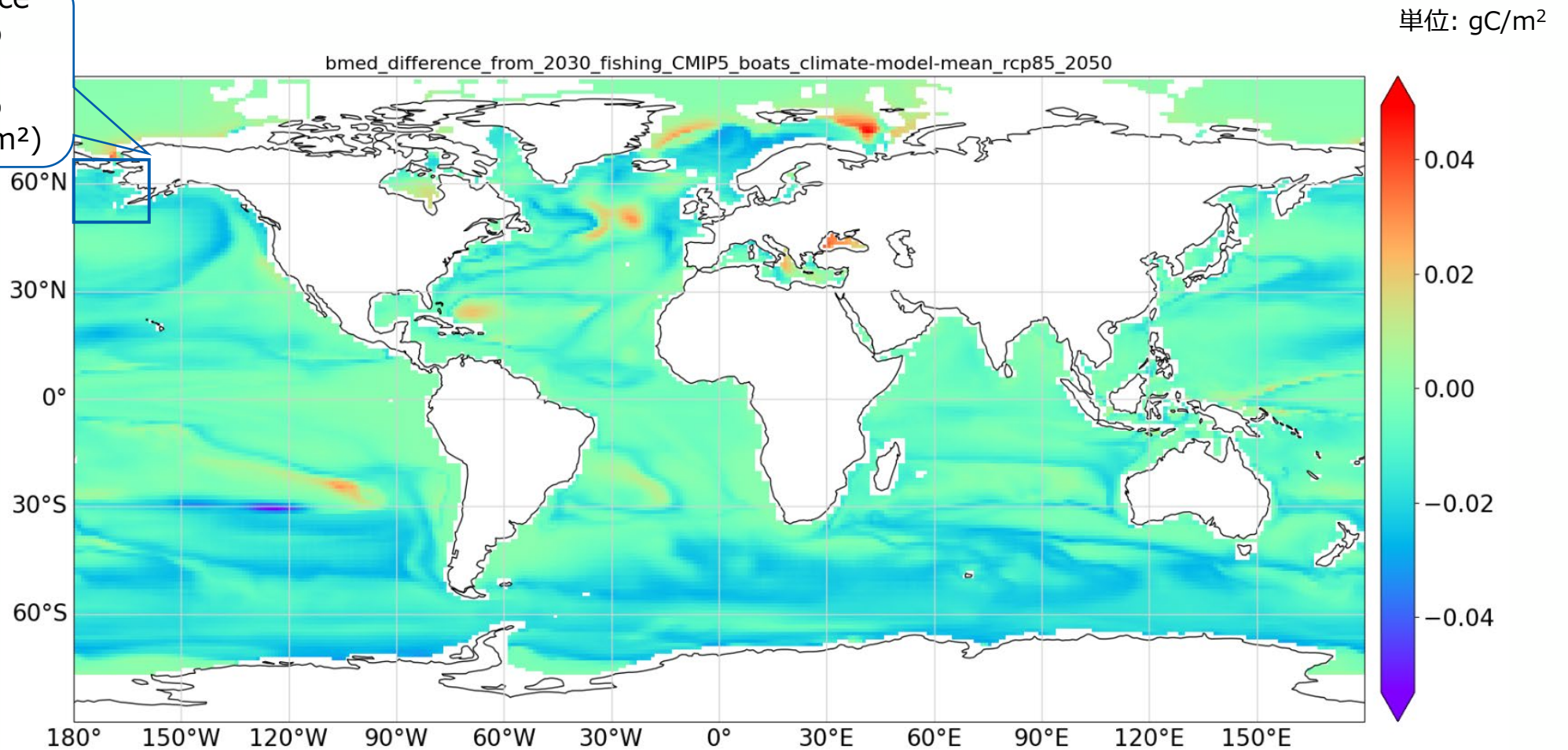
2. -1) Alaska Pollock Resource Volume Changes in 2050 Compared to 2030 Below 2°C Scenario / With Fishing

Alaska Pollock resource volume analyzed to decrease by approximately 11% (decrease of 0.0075gC/m²)



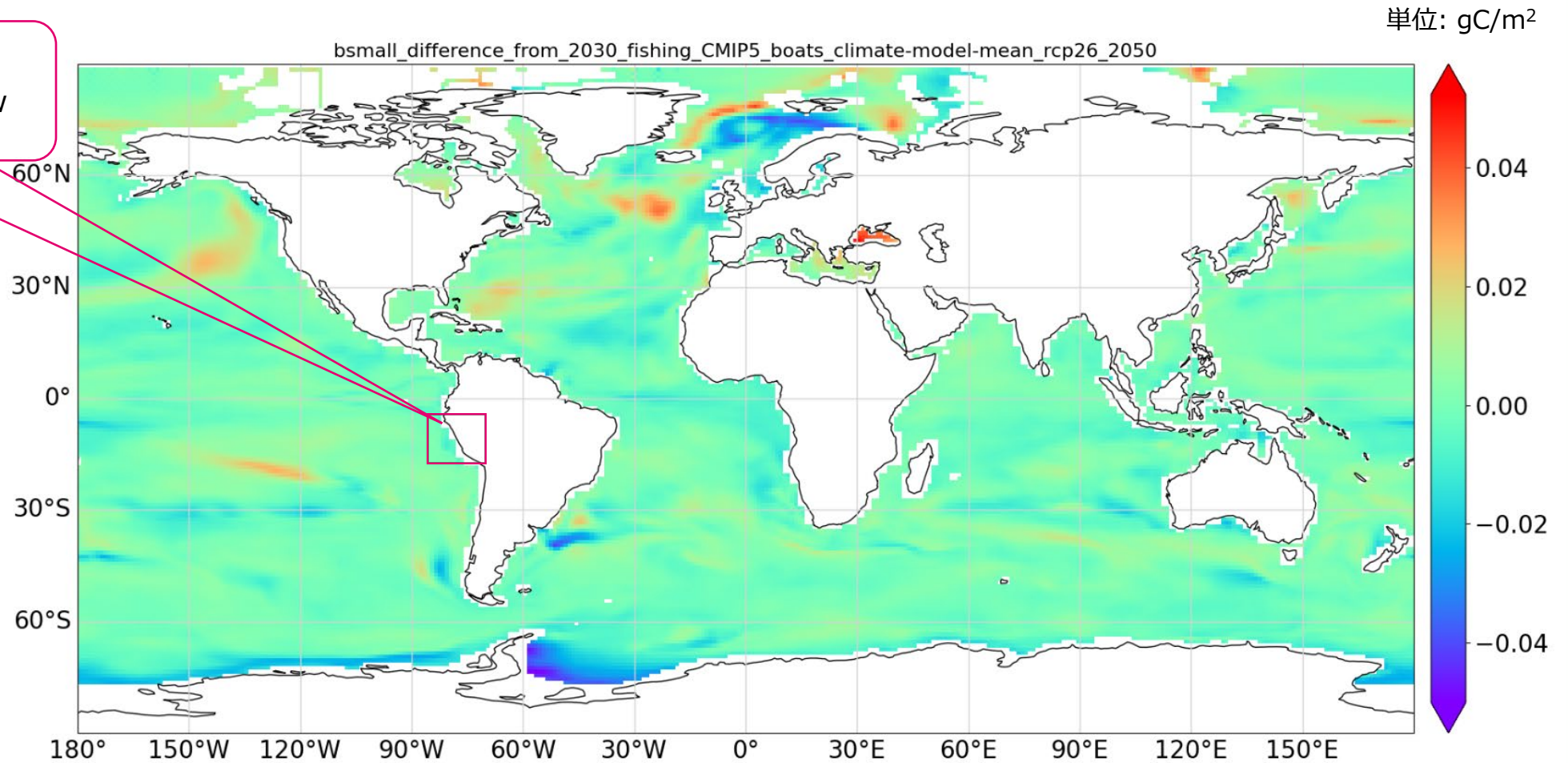
2. -2) Alaska Pollock Resource Volume Changes in 2050 Compared to 2030 4°C Scenario / With Fishing

Alaska Pollock resource volume analyzed to decrease by approximately 13% (decrease of 0.01gC/m²)



2. -3) Peru Anchovy Resource Volume Changes in 2050 Compared to 2030 Below 2°C Scenario / With Fishing

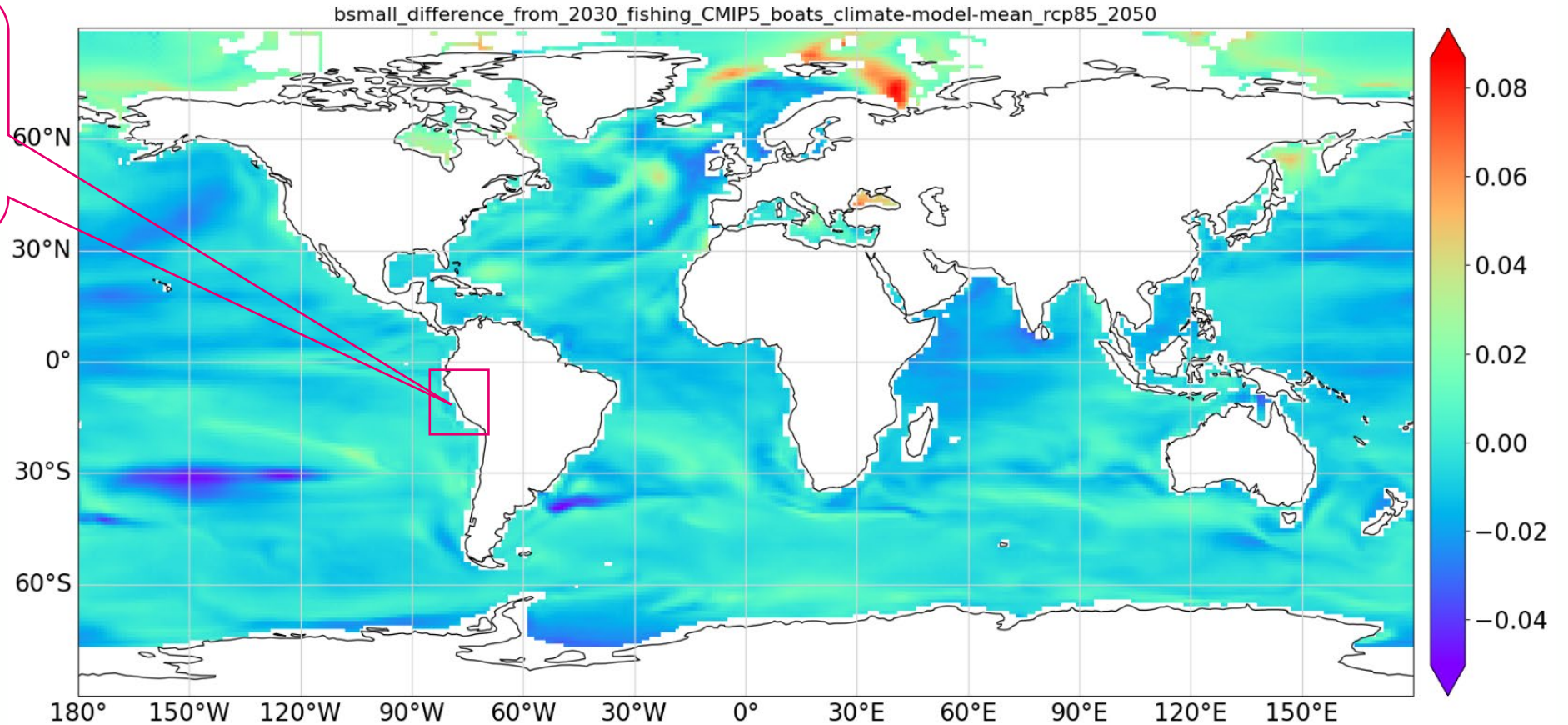
Peru Anchovy resource volume analyzed to show virtually no change



2. -4) Peru Anchovy Resource Volume Changes in 2050 Compared to 2030 4°C Scenario / With Fishing

単位: gC/m²

Peru Anchovy resource volume analyzed to show virtually no change, similar to the below 2°C scenario, even in the 4°C scenario



3. Resource Volume Changes and Financial Impact Estimation

Sea Area/Species	Scenario	海面水温	2030年→2050年 資源量変化	財務的影響 (億円)	
				項目	金額
Bering Sea Alaska Pollock	Below 2℃ scenario	0.6℃ increase	11% decrease	Revenue	51
	4℃ scenario	1.1℃ increase	13% decrease		60
Peru Coast Anchovy	Below 2℃ scenario	0.3℃ increase	No change	Procurement cost	0
	4℃ scenario	0.8℃ increase	No change		0

- The resource volume change maps 2-1) through 4) are predictions of future changes using BOATS, incorporating fishing volumes from economic activities and dividing fish into three size categories.
- Alaska Pollock resource volume analysis shows approximately 11% decrease in the below 2-degree scenario and approximately 13% decrease in the 4-degree scenario. Financial impact analysis indicates revenue decreases of approximately 5.1 billion yen in the below 2-degree scenario and approximately 6.0 billion yen in the 4-degree scenario.
- **However, Alaska fisheries management sets allowable catch quotas significantly below biological allowable catch levels, so resource volume decreases may not directly translate to catch volume decreases.**
- Anchovy resource volume shows no change in both below 2-degree and 4-degree scenarios, resulting in no financial impact.

4. Resource Volume Changes and Financial Impact Estimation (Summary)

- This investigation analyzed that Alaska Pollock in the Bering Sea will experience resource volume decreases of over 10% in both below 2°C and 4°C scenarios.
- Peru Anchovy showed no resource volume changes in both below 2°C and 4°C scenarios.
- Based on these results, we will consider countermeasures while expanding scenario analysis to other areas and fish species.

Thank You



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For the ocean, for life