Our Insights on Sustainability Strategy

• Social and environmental issues surrounding our Group are becoming more severe every year.



Impacts of climate change worsening

Extreme weather events are becoming more severe around the world, affecting people's lives and business activities





Severe exhaustion of global fishery Emerging human rights issues

resources

Depletion of global fish stocks due to increased global demand, etc.

Human rights violations have increased and become more complex with the globalization of supply chains

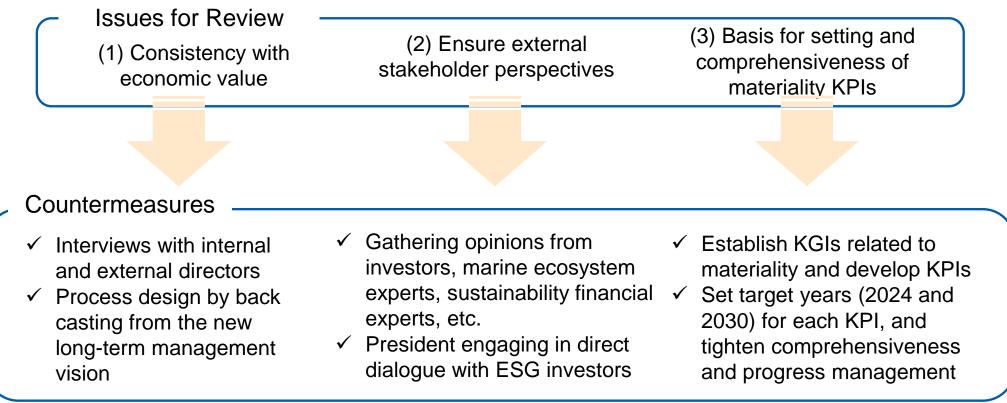
- ✓ Clarified the role that the Maruha Nichiro Group should play as the "No.1 Global Seafood Supplier"
- Coexist with the global environment based on abnormal weather and risk of depletion of fishery resources
- As a company that operates globally, identify and assess human rights risks in the supply chain

Review and re-identification of our Sustainability strategy (materiality)

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Reformulation of Sustainability Strategy through Materiality Review

 Reviewed materiality and sustainability strategies with the new long-term management vision as the "core" concept

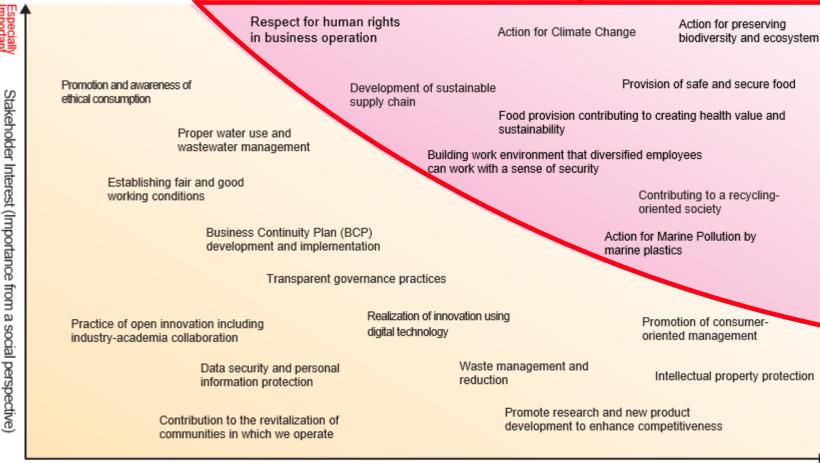


✓ Sustainability strategy (materiality) oriented with a high degree of internal and external understanding and acceptance

Review of Materiality

• Select materiality based on external opinions and expectations, and consistency with management strategy

Materiality



- To utilize management resources efficiently, materiality was selected from the upper right quadrant, which is of high importance from both the social perspective and company perspective.
- We will continue to regularly review our materiality in coinciding with the changes in the external environment and business strategy.

Important

Impact on Maruha Nichiro (Importance from the perspective of the company)

Materiality regarding the creation of Environmental Value

• Aim to achieve both sustainable growth and environmental value by addressing climate change issues, ecosystem conservation, etc.

	Matariality	Materiality KGI (ideal state by 2030) KPIs	Target		Polovent SDCs	
	Waterianty		KFIS	Values	Year	Relevant SDGs
	1. Action for Climate Change	Establish a leading position in the industry for decarbonization and action for climate change	Formulation of CO2 emission reduction roadmap (domestic G *)		2022	7 AFFORDABLEAND 13 CLIMATE
			CO2 emission reduction rate (compared to 2017: domestic G)	Over 30%	2030	
			Achieve carbon neutrality (global G *)	_	2050	
P	2. Contributing to a recycling-oriented society	Circular economy through efficient use of resources is prevalent and practiced within the Group	Reduction rate of plastic usage (including switching to bioplastic, recycled materials, etc.) (MN $^{\ast})$	Over 30%	2030	9 NOUSTRY INVIATION AND INFASTRUCTURE 12 CONSUMPTION APPOLICION CONSUMPTION CONSUMPTION
I Value			Food loss (product waste) reduction rate (domestic G)	Over 50%	2030	13 CLIMATE 14 BELOW WATER
enta			Recycling rate of food waste (domestic G)	Over 99%	~2024	
Environmental	3. Action for Marine Pollution by marine plastics	Practice zero discharge of plastics into the ocean by the company & supply chain	Establishment of fishing gear management guidelines and operational rates (global G)	100%	2024	12 RESPONDILE CONSIMETION AND PRODUCTION CONSIMILATION WATER TO PARTINESSIUPS TO PARTINESSI
Env			Employee participation rate in coastal cleanup (domestic G)	Over 30%	2030	
	4. Action for	Confirm that there is no	Resource status confirmation rate of handled seafood products (global G)	100%	2030	14 LIFE 15 UFE ON LAND
	preserving biodiversity and	risk of resource depletion in the fish	Conduct biodiversity risk assessment (Domestic G)	_	2024	
	ecosystem	stocks we handle	Implementation of certification level management of aquaculture farms (domestic G)	_	2024	

*: Abbreviations for target organizations MN = Maruha Nichiro Corporation; Domestic G = Domestic Group consolidated companies; Global G = Global consolidated companies Copyright ©2022 Maruha Nichiro Corporation

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Materiality regarding the creation of Social Value

• Proactively tackle our responsibilities as a global company, aiming to build a healthy and sustainable society for people around the world

	Matariality	KGI (ideal state by 2030)	KPIs	Target		Delevent CDCe
	Materiality			Values	Year	Relevant SDGs
	5. Provision of safe and secure food	Providing safe food to people around the world	Major quality incident* (Domestic G)	Zero	2024	2 KEND KINGER SSSS RADIOLITIN RADIOLITIN
	6. Food provision contributing to creating health value and sustainability	Branded as a top food company contributing to health value creation and sustainability	Establish product standards that contribute to health value creation and sustainability and set 2030 targets (MN)	-	2024	2 ZENO HINGER SUSSE 12 RESPONSIBLE COCOPIENT COCOPIENT 14 LIFE BELOW NUTER BELOW NUTER SUSSE
	7. Building work environment that diversified employees can work with a sense of security	A workplace environment where diversity is respected, and employees feel safe and comfortable to work	Percentage of female employees by maintaining 50% female employment ratio (MN)	Over 35%	2030	4 GUALITY 5 GENDER EDUCATION 5 EDUCUTY
			Percentage of Women on Board of Directors (MN)	Over 30%	2030	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 10 REDUCED 10
			Female management job ratio (MN)	Over 15%	2030	
			Establishment of Maruha Nichiro Human Resource Development Program and targets set 2030 targets (MN)	_	2024	
			Establish employee engagement assessment methodology and set 2030 targets (MN)	_	2024	
	8. Respect for human rights in business operation	Zero human rights violations (such as forced labor) by the company & supply chain	Confirmation rate of zero human rights violations in the supply chain (global G)	100%	2030	1 POVERTY 10 REDUCED 小市市市市市市 10 REDUCED
	9. Development of sustainable supply chain	Working with suppliers to build a sustainable procurement network	Rate of agreement with supplier guidelines and rate of improvement in key items (global G)	100%	2030	12 RESPONSIBLE CONSIMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Social Value

*: A major quality incident is defined as an incident that is reported in a newspaper or other media for violation of relevant regulations and voluntary codes as set forth in GRI Standards 416-2 and 417-2. or a product recall announced on the company's website.

Sustainability Strategy Case 1: "Addressing Climate Change Issues"

Goals (KGI)

Establishing a leading position in the industry for decarbonization and climate change

Achieve carbon neutrality throughout the Group (by 2050)

Main Initiatives Measure 1

Establishment of CO₂ emission reduction roadmap and implementation of reduction based on the roadmap

 ✓ Establish a reduction plan (by scope and site) by FY2030 by the end of FY2022

Main Initiatives Measure 2

Conduct scenario analysis in TCFD

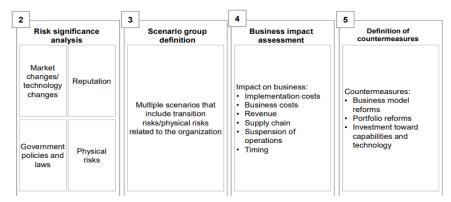
 Measured the impact of rising sea temperatures on marine resources and the impact of extreme weather events on agricultural and livestock raw materials

Set KPI

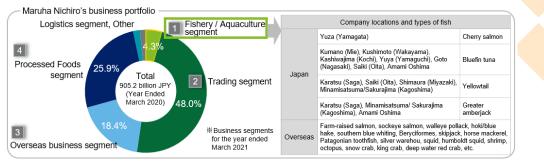


Sustainability Strategy Case 1: TCFD Scenario Analysis

(1) Scenario Analysis Process



(2) Scenario analysis targets: Fishery & aquaculture



- Proactively promote expansion of target segments and integration of analysis results and strategies
- ✓ Aim to enhance corporate value by promoting mutual understanding with external parties through dialogue with investors and other stakeholders.

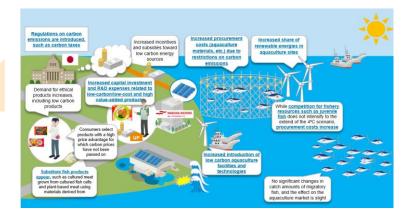
4°C Scenario Worldview

Operating costs increase, production declines, and physical risks must be addressed



2°C Scenario Worldview

Need for low carbonization of business and development of high value-added products in response to tightening regulations



Sustainability Strategy Case 2: "Biodiversity and Ecosystem Conservation"

Goals (KGI)



Confirm that there is no risk of resource depletion in the fish stocks we handle

Set KPI

100% Resource status confirmation rate of handled seafood products (Group-wide by 2030)

Main Initiatives Measure 1

Continue to conduct seafood product surveys

 To understand the current status of the volume of marine products handled and to evaluate the resource status of wild marine products from a scientific perspective with respect to the products and raw materials of each Group company.

Main Initiatives Measure 2

Eco-friendly aquaculture practices

 Promote management of GSSI-approved certification levels at the company's aquaculture farms

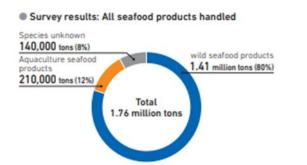
Sustainability Strategy Case 2: "Biodiversity and Ecosystem Conservation"

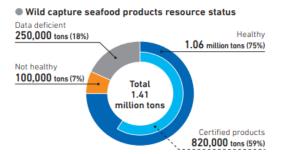
(1) Ascertain the amount of seafood products currently handled

This survey was conducted by the entire Maruha Nichiro Group in Japan and overseas to ascertain the volume of marine products handled, targeting raw materials and products procured from outside the Group.

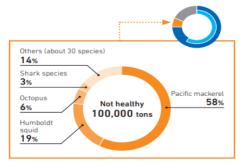
(2) Assess the resource status of wild seafood products

To assess the resource status of wild seafood products, in addition to checking whether seafood products were caught in certified fisheries, we send the aggregated survey results to an external organization (Sustainable Fisheries Partnership).





"Not healthy" details on 100,000 tons



- The overall volume of seafood products handled by the Maruha Nichiro Group was approx.. 1.76 million tons in terms of raw fish which equates to about 0.8% of global fisheries & aquaculture seafood production in 2018.
- The Group handles approx.. 360 species of fish by scientific name from 76 countries.
- On the other hand, there are about 140,000 tons of seafood products whose species are unknown, mainly fishmeal, which is a feed ingredient, and clarifying this information is an important issue.

-Approx. 100,000 tons were assessed as "not healthy" and approx. 250,000 tons were found to be data deficient to assess the status of stock.

- The issues to be addressed in the future are to investigate recovery plans for marine products for which there are currently concerns about the stock status and provide support as necessary, and to reduce the number of "stock status concerns" and "insufficient data" by cooperating with external organizations for fish species for which data is insufficient.

Sustainability Strategy Case 3: "Building a Sustainable Supply Chain"

Goals (KGI)

Working with suppliers to build a sustainable procurement network Zero human rights violations (such as forced labor) by the company & supply chain

Set KPI

100% Rate of agreement with supplier guidelines and rate of improvement in key items (Group-wide by 2030)

100% Confirmation of zero human rights violations in the supply chain (Group-wide by 2030)

Main Initiatives Measure 1

Strengthen supplier chain management to enable sustainable procurement

- Promote awareness and understanding of supplier guidelines for coexistence and coprosperity with suppliers
- Conduct supplier surveys and feedback on a regular basis and promote systemization

Main Initiatives Measure 2

Elimination of human rights risks in our own operations and supply chain

- Human rights training, surveys and interviews at production facilities
- Risk assessments of suppliers. Interviews with suppliers assessed as having risks



Sustainability Strategy Case 3: "Building a Sustainable Supply Chain"

Main Initiatives Measure 1

Conduct surveys to confirm compliance with supplier guidelines and provide feedback to promote improvements

- 1,097 suppliers surveyed in FY2020: Management status of 293 domestic and overseas certified factories (99.7%) that manufacture Maruha Nichiro brand products was verified.
- Distribution of guideline manuals and feedback to suppliers to promote understanding and improvement

Suppliers surveyed by Self-Assessment Questionnaires in 2020	1,097 companies			
Targeted suppliers	Suppliers surveyed by Self-Assessment Questionnaires surveyed in 2020			
Domestic in-house certified plants	127 companies			
Overseas in-house certified plants	166 companies			
Suppliers for directly-managed plants	242 companies			
Other raw material suppliers, etc.	562 companies			

Main Initiatives Measure 2

Human Rights Risk Assessment through Human Rights and Labor Practices Survey

- Business partners surveyed in FY2020 are areas and industries where human rights risks have been identified in the past
- In the future, the scope of human rights and labor practice surveys will be expanded to include human rights risk assessments.

Enhancing access to sustainable marine resources

	Natural Resources	Aquaculture Resources
Environmental Awareness	 Limited natural resources in response to increasing global demand Opportunities to gain access to new resources are scarce due to increasingly strict resource management in many countries. 	 Aquaculture resources will become more and more important in the future in order to both meet increasing global demand and conserve natural resources. However, there are some issues in aquaculture, such as soaring license fees, environmental conservation, and production risks.
	 Strengthen access to existing resources Improve productivity by renewing fishing vessels, utilizing substitute vessels, etc. Obtain access to new resources 	 Improved aquaculture technology to increase productivity and profitability Challenges in land-based aquaculture technology for the next generation that contributes to all economic, social, and

Initiatives for the New Medium-Term Management Plan



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environmental values

